



# Verification and validation of a multi-temperature JEFF 3.1 library for MCNP(X)

W. Haeck  
B. Verboomen

# Introduction: Documentation is of Key Importance!

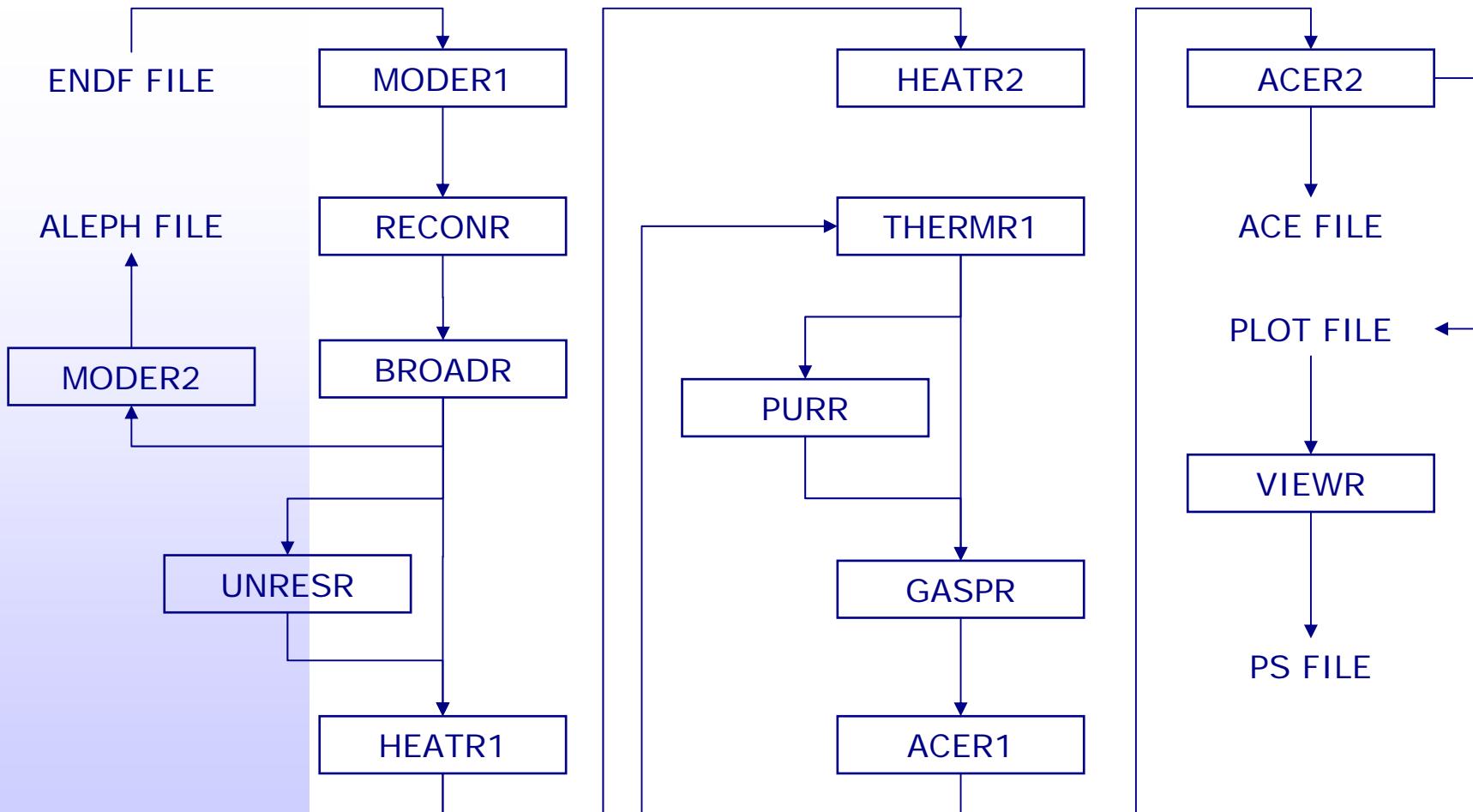
When is a set of data files to be considered a validated application library?

- When the library processing has been verified
- When the library has been tested for use
- When all aspects in its creation are thoroughly documented

Before “diving in”, it is important to know what has been done in the past:

- Look into documentation of older libraries
- The most important question in this stage: **WHY?**
- Learn from that experience and decide on your own approach
- Good example: ENDF60 and ENDF66 from LANL
- Bad example: MCB library (no documentation at all)

# Processing Path: "c" class



# Automation: ALEPH-DLG



A lot of different nuclides must be processed:

- Prepare an NJOY input file tailored to every nuclide
- Check the output and perform the tests
- Tedious, repetitive and therefore error prone ("copy-paste")

**ALEPH-DLG** (Data Library Generator):

- Checks important parameters (is it a fissile nuclide, does it have unresolved resonances, ...)
- Makes an NJOY input file and runs NJOY
- Extracts all messages/errors and provides some comments on those messages/errors
- Performs the probability table testing

# RECONR Resonance Reconstruction

The case of  $^{235}\text{U}$  from JEFF 3.1 (default accuracy, err = 0.001)

Check the errors given and reduce the tolerance if required

## Error estimates by RECONR

estimated maximum error due to resonance integral check (errmax,errint)

upper energy	elastic integral	percent error	capture integral	percent error	fission integral	percent error
1.00E-05						
1.00E-04	3.50E+01	0.000	8.15E+03	0.000	4.29E+04	0.000
1.00E-03	3.50E+01	0.000	2.57E+03	0.000	1.36E+04	0.000
1.00E-02	3.50E+01	0.000	8.02E+02	0.000	4.24E+03	0.000
1.00E-01	3.46E+01	0.000	2.15E+02	0.000	1.26E+03	0.000
1.00E+00	3.25E+01	0.000	6.03E+01	0.000	3.26E+02	0.000
...						
1.00E+02	8.30E+00	0.000	1.07E+01	0.000	2.34E+01	0.000
2.00E+02	8.04E+00	0.000	8.17E+00	0.000	1.42E+01	0.000
5.00E+02	1.10E+01	0.001	6.81E+00	0.008	1.51E+01	0.004
1.00E+03	8.28E+00	0.008	3.44E+00	0.080	7.62E+00	0.038
2.00E+03	8.27E+00	0.033	2.54E+00	0.261	5.06E+00	0.185

# Something Strange

The case of elemental sulfur (S, 16000) from ENDF/B-VI.8 and ENDF/B-VII b0: the evaluation dates back to 1979.

What happened: fission widths were nonzero in the resonance parameters found in file 2.

Fixed in ENDF/B-VII b1.

estimated maximum error due to resonance integral check (errmax,errint)

upper energy	elastic integral	percent error	capture integral	percent error	fission integral	percent error
1.00E-05						
1.00E-04	2.26E+00	0.000	3.58E+01	0.000	1.24E-01	0.000
1.00E-03	2.26E+00	0.000	1.13E+01	0.000	3.92E-02	0.000
1.00E-02	2.26E+00	0.000	3.58E+00	0.000	1.24E-02	0.000
1.00E-01	2.26E+00	0.000	1.13E+00	0.000	3.92E-03	0.000
...						
1.00E+05	1.10E+00	0.003	1.53E-03	0.038	2.01E-03	1.743
2.00E+05	5.86E+00	0.001	2.04E-03	0.247	1.30E-03	1.077
5.00E+05	2.48E+00	0.010	1.22E-03	0.866	6.59E-04	1.765
1.00E+06	1.52E+00	0.018	5.29E-04	1.057	2.69E-05	2.025

RECONR resonance integral check gives non-zero fission integral?

# Some Messages From NJOY

## The case of non-positive elastic cross sections – RECONR:

---message from emerge---nonpositive elastic cross sections found.

### Due to resonance reconstruction:

- $^{40}\text{Ar}$ ,  $^{61}\text{Ni}$ ,  $^{111}\text{Cd}$ ,  $^{113}\text{Cd}$ ,  $^{128}\text{Te}$ ,  $^{157}\text{Gd}$ ,  $^{182}\text{W}$ ,  $^{244}\text{Cm}$  for JEFF 3.1
- Plot it to see how “bad” it is
- Look at the other cross sections to see the overall influence

## Approximations made by NJOY – HEATR:

---message from hinit---mf4 and 6 missing, isotropy assumed for mt 800

- Apparently the corresponding file 4 (angular distribution) and/or file 6 (energy-angle distributions) are missing. HEATR has to make an assumption for the missing data.

# ACER Consistency Tests

The case of  $^{11}\text{B}$   
from JEFF 3.1

No problems found!

ace consistency checks

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- check reaction thresholds against q values
- check that main energy grid is monotonic
- check angular distributions for correct reference frame
- check angular distributions for unreasonable cosine values
- check energy distributions
- check photon production sum
- check photon distributions
- checking particle production sections
  - proton production:
  - checking energy distributions
- alpha production:
  - checking energy distributions

no problems found

# Further Post-Processing and Testing

If we look at ENDF60 and ENDF66, the following post-processing and testing was performed:

- Add other data like delayed neutrons, gas production data, ... (which is now done by ACER, GASPR, ...)
- CHECKTHRESH: check the threshold energy versus the Q-value (now performed and corrected by RECONR and ACER)
- CHECKNS and CHECKND\_NEUT: check the photon and delayed neutron distributions (now performed by ACER)
- CHECK5: check data files with the mt5 reaction
- CHECK\_URES: check the probability tables for consistency

Only the probability tables are not (yet) extensively tested by NJOY.

# Probability Table Testing (1)

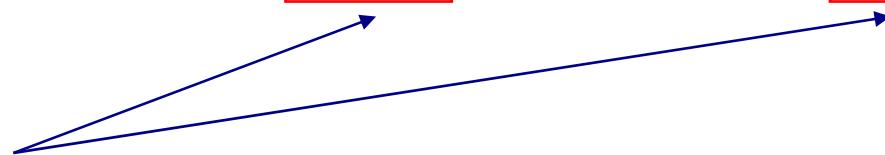
Compare the infinite dilution cross sections from UNRESR and PURR

The case of  $^{238}\text{U}$  of JEFF 3.1 ( $E = 20 \text{ keV}$ ) :

	total	elastic	fission	capture	unresr tot	purr tot
unresr	1.432516E+01	1.379577E+01	0.000000E+00	5.293905E-01	1.432516E+01	1.432516E+01
purr infd	1.432516E+01	1.379577E+01	0.000000E+00	5.293905E-01		
purr bkgd	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00		
diff [%]	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
passed?	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes

The case of  $^{241}\text{Pu}$  of JEFF 3.1 ( $E = 30 \text{ keV}$ ) :

	total	elastic	fission	capture	unresr tot	purr tot
unresr	1.411443E+01	1.084413E+01	2.603048E+00	5.307552E-01	1.397793E+01	1.411443E+01
purr infd	1.411443E+01	1.084413E+01	2.739547E+00	5.307552E-01		
purr bkgd	1.673491E-01	0.000000E+00	1.364989E-01	3.085028E-02		
diff [%]	0.0000	0.0000	5.1098	0.0000	0.9718	0.0000
passed?	yes	yes	no	yes	no	yes



What if the unresr-purr test fails?

# Probability Table Testing (2)

Compare Bondarenko table from direct sampling and the probability table

The case of  $^{238}\text{U}$  of JEFF 3.1 ( $E = 20 \text{ keV}$ ) :

Bondarenko cross sections by direct sampling

sigma0	p0 total	elastic	fission	capture	p1 total
1.000000E+10	1.436541E+01	1.383465E+01	0.000000E+00	5.307606E-01	1.436541E+01
...					
1.000000E+01	1.316814E+01	1.268519E+01	0.000000E+00	4.829514E-01	1.234338E+01

Bondarenko cross sections from probability table

sigma0	p0 total	elastic	fission	capture	p1 total
1.000000E+10	1.436541E+01	1.383465E+01	0.000000E+00	5.307606E-01	1.436541E+01
...					
1.000000E+01	1.318591E+01	1.270308E+01	0.000000E+00	4.828283E-01	1.236715E+01

Bondarenko cross sections difference [%]

sigma0	p0 total	elastic	fission	capture	p1 total
1.000000E+10	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
...					
1.000000E+01	0.1349	0.1409	0.0000	0.0255	0.1924

# Probability Table Testing (3)

Check the probability table for consistency:

- Does the sum of the partials equal the total in every bin?
- Does the average from the probability table equal that of the ladder calculation?
- Are there no abnormalities (zeros or negatives)?

The case of  $^{238}\text{U}$  of JEFF 3.1 ( $E = 20 \text{ keV}$ ) :

bin	tot prob	cum prob	total	elastic	fission	capture
1	4.662500E-03	4.662500E-03	3.823343E+00	3.585895E+00	0.000000E+00	2.374473E-01
2	1.791875E-02	2.258125E-02	6.229751E+00	5.966992E+00	0.000000E+00	2.627585E-01
3	6.367188E-02	8.625313E-02	8.460657E+00	8.200861E+00	0.000000E+00	2.597957E-01
...						
18	6.582813E-02	9.753844E-01	2.653817E+01	2.553805E+01	0.000000E+00	1.000119E+00
19	1.940000E-02	9.947844E-01	4.153256E+01	4.053079E+01	0.000000E+00	1.001761E+00
20	5.215625E-03	1.000000E+00	5.675590E+01	5.566543E+01	0.000000E+00	1.090471E+00
average probability table						
average ladder calculation						
diff [%]						
passed?						
		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		yes	yes	yes	yes	yes

# Probability Table Testing (4)

The case of  $^{22}\text{Na}$  of JEFF 3.1 ( $E = 15 \text{ keV}$ ) :

bin	tot prob	cum prob	total	elastic	fission	capture
1	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
...						
9	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
10	5.852375E-01	5.852375E-01	1.056769E-01	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	-3.959991E-02
...						
12	3.425000E-02	6.523844E-01	1.056858E-01	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	-3.959101E-02
13	6.732500E-02	7.197094E-01	1.057690E-01	1.138332E-08	0.000000E+00	-3.950781E-02
...						
17	5.180000E-02	9.476781E-01	2.888497E+00	2.760378E+00	0.000000E+00	-1.715786E-02
18	3.734063E-02	9.850187E-01	1.538414E+01	1.514680E+01	0.000000E+00	9.206328E-02
...						
20	4.143750E-03	1.000000E-00	9.958044E+01	9.904143E+01	0.000000E+00	3.937373E-01
	average probability table		1.912509E+00	1.793225E+00	0.000000E+00	-2.599318E-02
	average ladder calculation		1.912509E+00	1.793225E+00	0.000000E+00	-2.599318E-02
	diff [%]	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	passed?	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes

Zero  
probability  
bins

Zero  
cross section  
values

Negative  
cross section  
values

# Library Validation (1)

Now that the libraries are ready, we can test them against internationally accepted benchmarks.

It is impossible to benchmark everything so choices must be made:

- Criticality benchmarks:

Taken from LA-13594 – these were prepared for the purpose of validating nuclear data

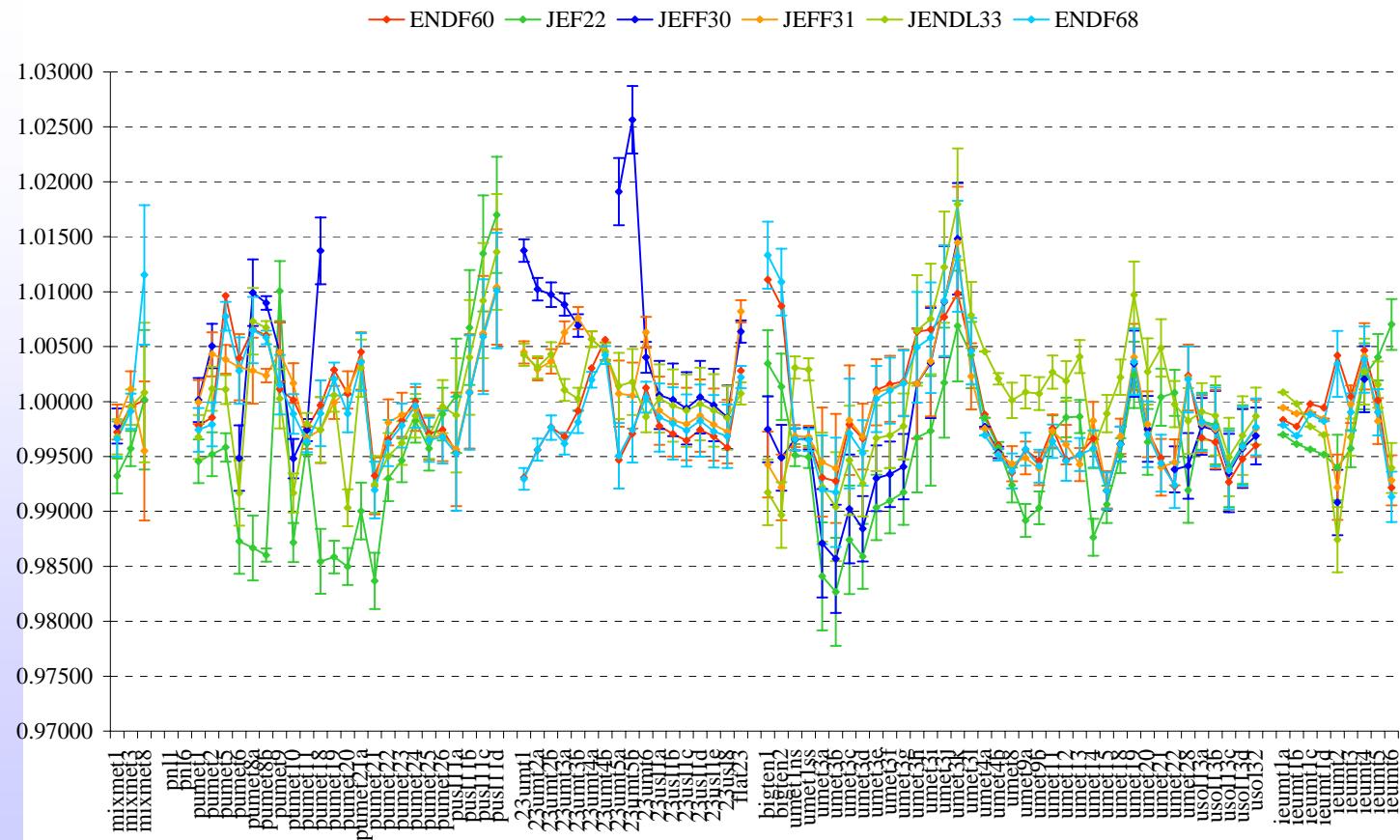
Covers a wide range of materials

- Lawrence Livermore Pulsed Sphere Experiments:

Time of flight – tests data between 2-16 MeV

Often single material experiments

## C/E results for the criticality benchmarks.

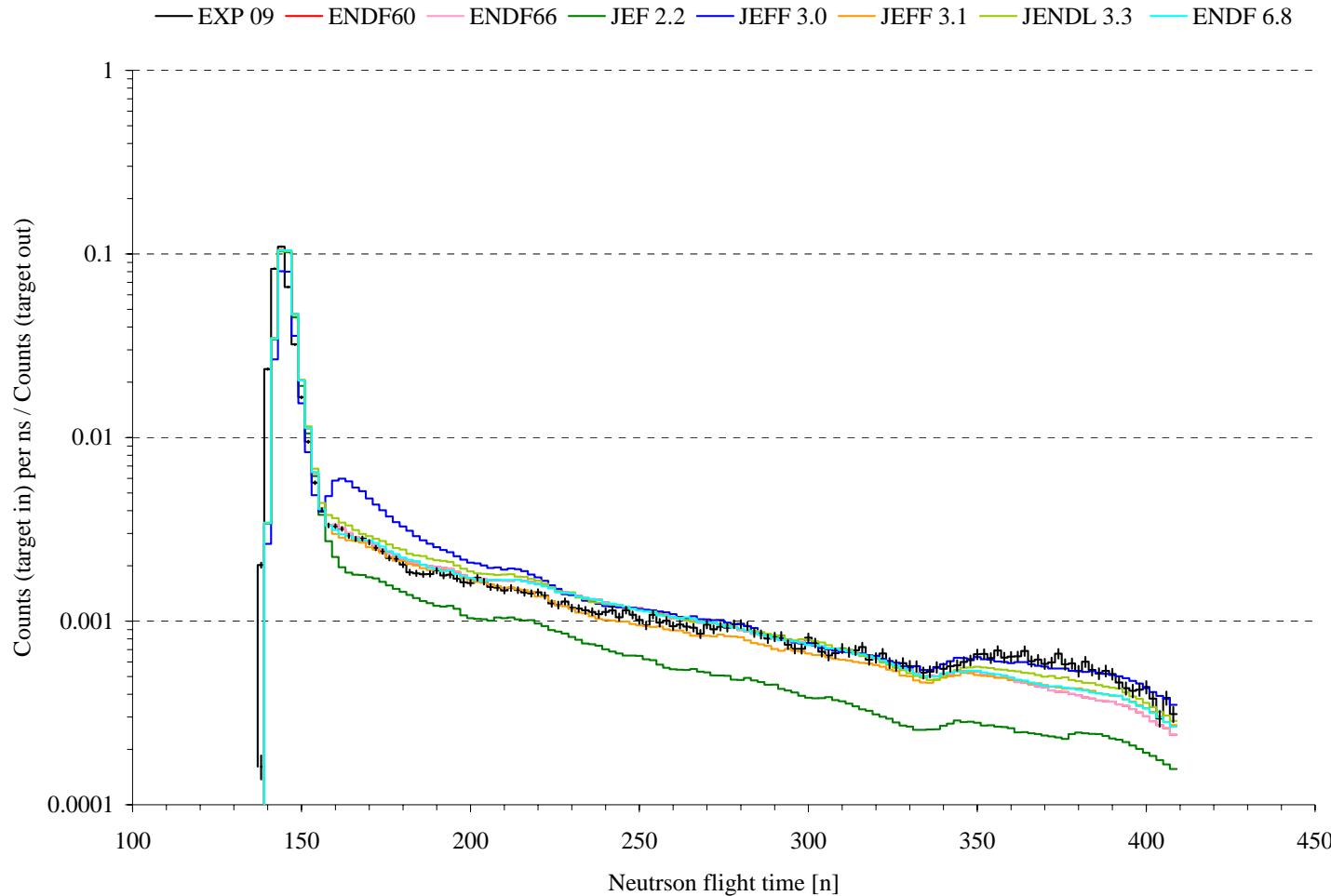


Time of flight  
results for a  
beryllium  
sphere.

30 degrees

765.2 cm

# Library Validation (3)

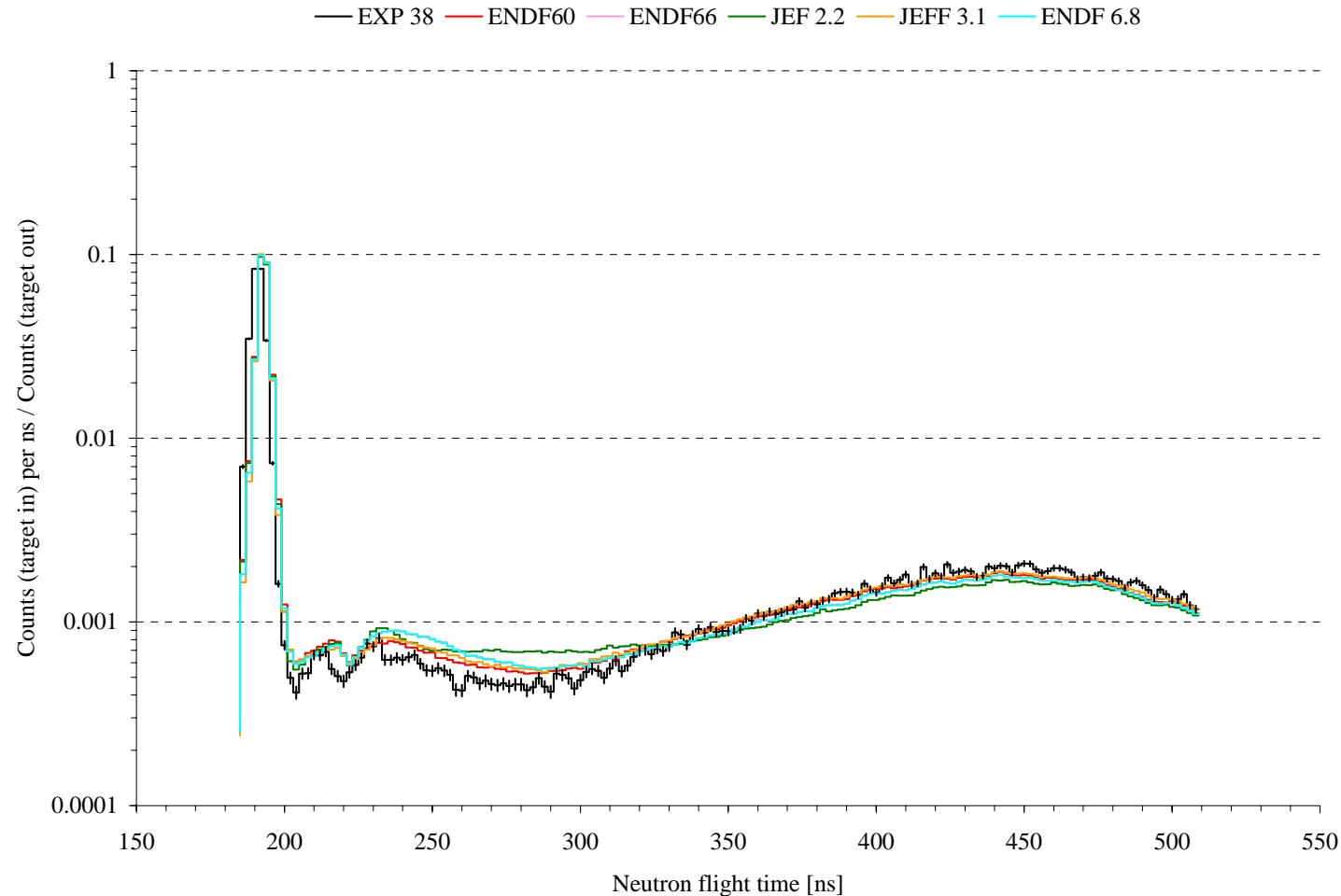


Time of flight  
results for a  
lead sphere.

120 degrees

975.2 cm

# Library Validation (4)



# Conclusions

The presented approach assures quality:

- Automation in ALEPH-DLG avoids “copy-paste” errors
- Important NJOY output is extracted and reviewed
- Testing is performed where NJOY lacks testing
- Extensive documentation
- However: there is still room for improvement, and that is where the nuclear data community comes in

ALEPH-LIB is currently:

- Neutron data at 300, 600, 900, 1200, 1500 and 1800 K
- JEF 2.2, JEFF 3.0, JEFF 3.1, JENDL 3.3 and ENDF/B-VI.8

Future additions:

- ENDF/B-VII
- $S(\alpha, \beta)$  data
- Proton data



STUDIECENTRUM VOOR KERNENERGIE  
CENTRE D'ÉTUDE DE L'ÉNERGIE NUCLÉAIRE



## Any Questions?

[aleph@sckcen.be](mailto:aleph@sckcen.be)  
[www.sckcen.be/aleph](http://www.sckcen.be/aleph)