

Tackling the Year 2000 Challenge:

A Strategic Approach Tangible Results Ongoing Work

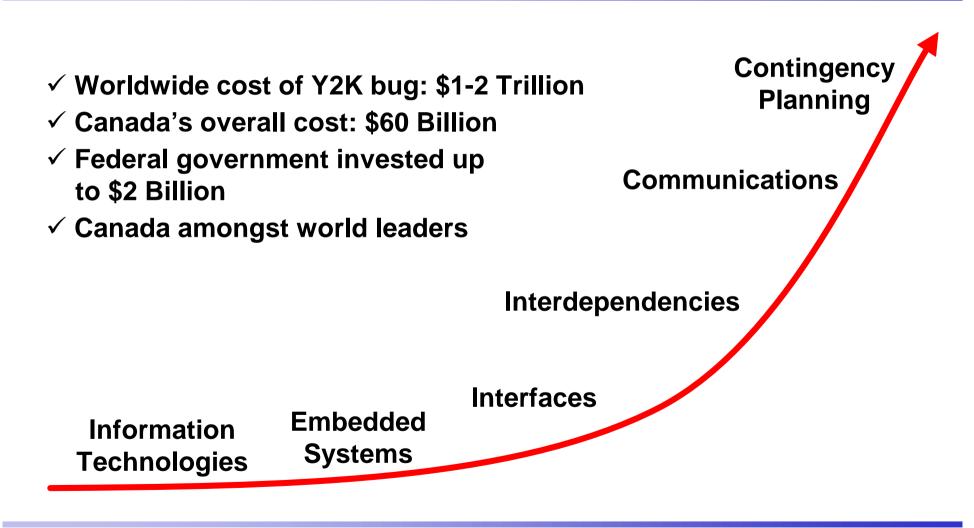
Presentation to the International Workshop on the Impact of Year 2000 on the Nuclear Industry February 8, 1999

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## **Evolution of the challenge**



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An organized approach to the Year 2000

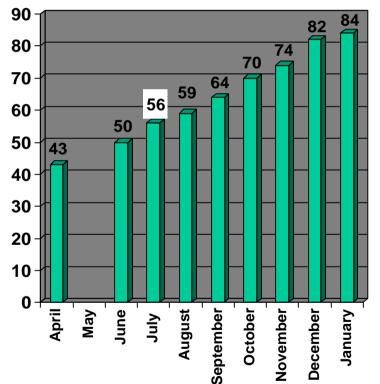
- Focus on systems critical to the health, safety, security and economic well-being of Canadians -Government-Wide Mission Critical (GWMC) functions
- Ministerial, departmental and financial commitment
- A stepped-up action plan
- Expanded mandate for 4 lead departments: TB, IC, DFAIT, DND
- Our goal: minimize disruption of services essential to Canadians



## How are we doing?

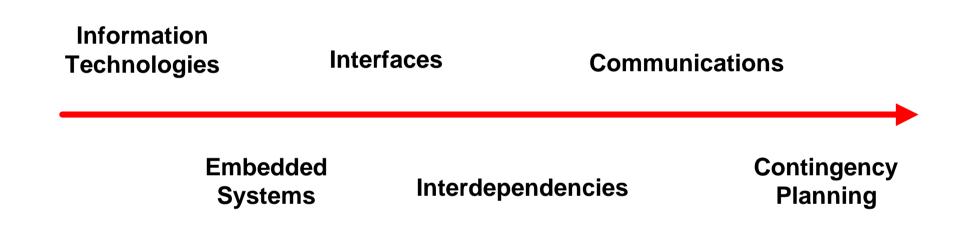
- Progressing as planned
- Work on schedule
- But can't afford to relax!

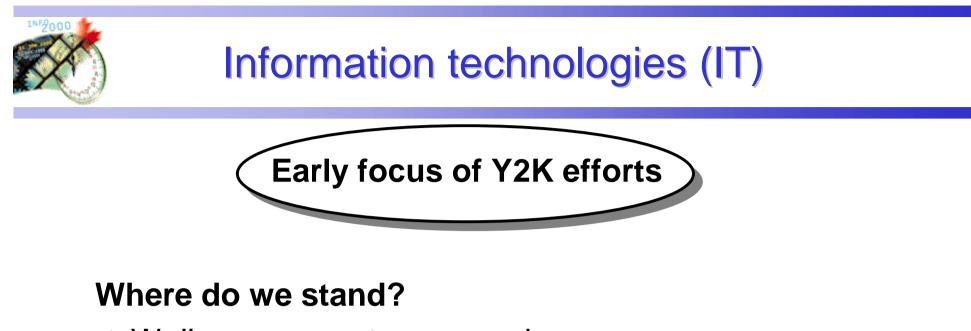
GWMCS Completion Index (%)



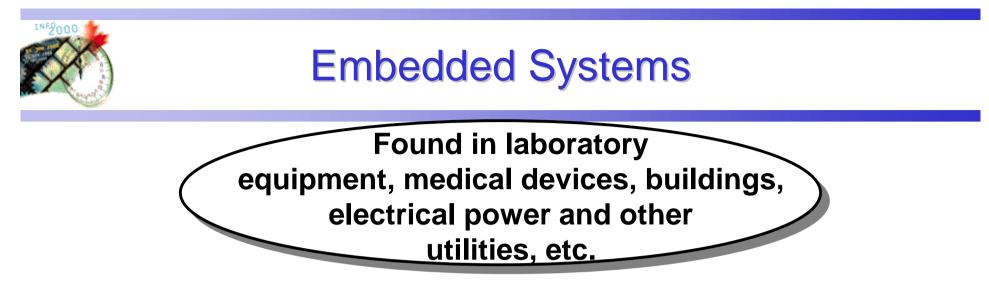


# How have we been tackling the challenge?





Well on our way to preparedness
Old Age Security 4
Canada Pension Plan 4
Employment Insurance 4
Customs Border systems 4



#### What have we done?

- ⇒ Strategic interventions
  - ✓ TBS workshop: provincial/municipal/private sector participants
  - ✓ 6 centres of excellence for embedded systems in buildings (PWGSC)
  - ✓ Centre of excellence for labs (CFIA)

#### Where do we stand?

⇒ 86% of federally owned and managed buildings' embedded systems ready



#### What have we done?

- ⇒ 3 F/P/T workshops
- ⇒ Regional visits
- ⇒ Survey of GWMC interfaces

## Our next steps

- ⇒ Stepped-up action plan: repository, prioritization, etc. (HRDC)
- ⇒ Continue working with stakeholders



## Interdependencies

Chain only as strong as its weakest link

#### What have we done?

- Co-operative work with: CEA (with updates on nuclear power generating facilities), CBA, Oil and Gas industries, Federation of Canadian Municipalities
- International co-operation and information sharing (US and Mexico)

#### Next steps

- Continue collegial work with provinces/territories and key infrastructure industries
- ⇒ Monitor international readiness and plan accordingly (DFAIT)
- ⇒ Continue to foster private sector preparedness (IC)



## Communications

Inform the public about the complexity and urgency of the issue without causing panic

#### What have we done?

- ⇒ Y2K government Websites (TBS, IC)
- ⇒ Participated in television programs
- ⇒ Interviews
- ⇒ Information kits to MPs and Senators
- Monthly public reporting on departmental readiness of GWMC functions
- ⇒ Y2K Preparedness Week (IC)



## Communications (cont'd)

#### Our next steps

- A "living" plan; continually evaluated through ongoing media analysis, public opinion research and environmental monitoring
- ⇒ Proactive, phased and co-ordinated approach
  - ✓ Detailed progress reporting, F/P/T and international co-ordination
  - ✓ Contingency planning
  - ✓ Preparedness



## **Contingency Planning**

Contingency planning is prudent management

#### What have we done?

- ⇒ Risk assessments completed for all GWMC departments/agencies
- Most departments already prepared business contingency plans
- ⇒ TBS: strategic interventions, workshops, feedback, etc.

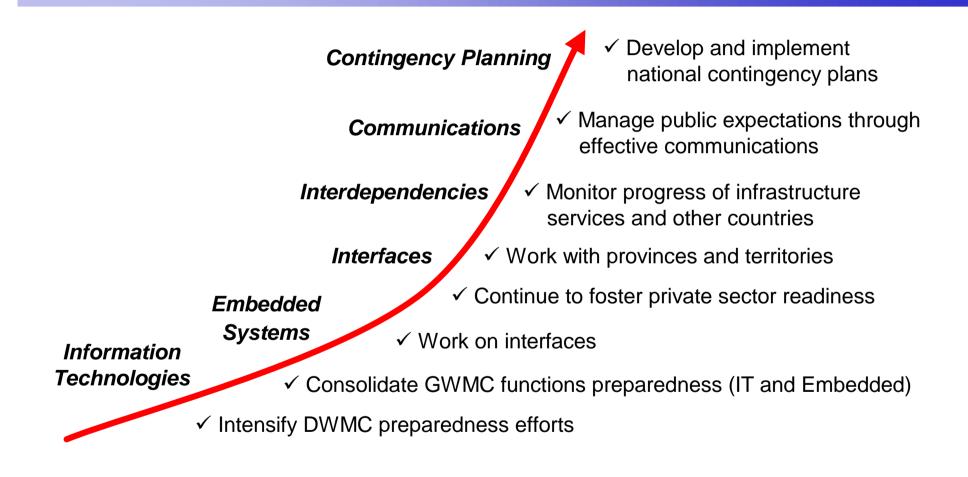
## Next steps

- ⇒ Refine all business contingency plans
- Develop national contingency plans with particular emphasis on Canada's infrastructure (DND/NCPG)

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## Key 1999 challenges





## **Final words**

## The bug is an elusive enemy. The difficulty is in differentiating between those who are dedicated to eliminating it and those who are exploiting the fear it inspires.