




Y2K Strategies for Korean Nuclear Industry


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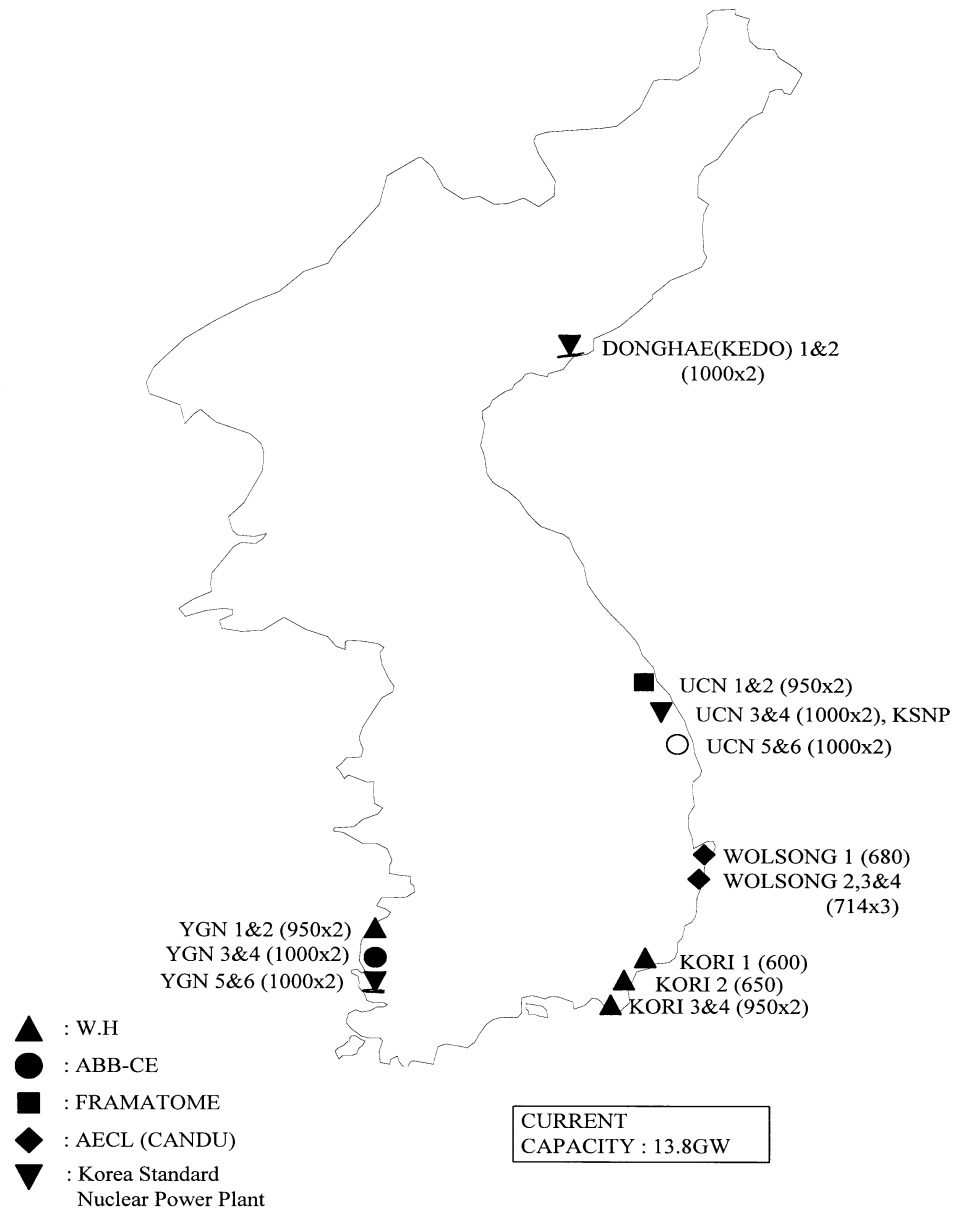
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NPPs in Korea

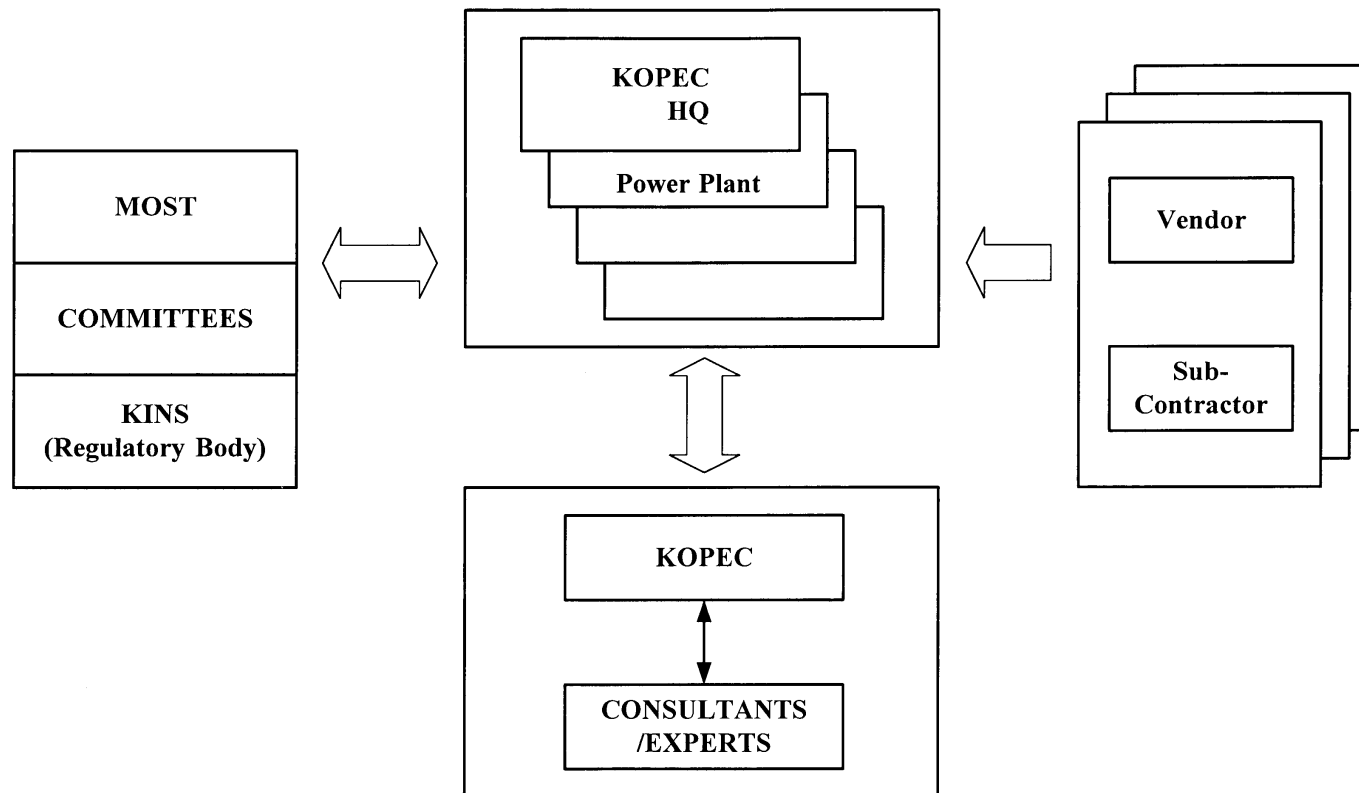
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- ❑ Diversity of Vendors
 - Westinghouse
 - ABB-Combustion Engineering
 - AECL (Atomic Energy of Canada)
 - Framatome
 - ❑ Plus Korean Standard Nuclear Power Plants and Korean Next Generation Power Plants
 - ❑ Diversity of Vendors require more involved efforts by the utility



Nuclear Power Plants in Korea


Governmental Efforts

- 
- ❑ Nuclear Industry: At the top of the ten most critical areas; incl. banking and finance, telecommunications, etc.
 - ❑ Ministry of Science and Technology
 - Leading Authority
 - Steering Committee Meeting (“The Year 2000 Problems Meeting”, April, 1998)
 - MOST, KINS, KEPCO, KOPEC, KNFC,
 - Academic Sectors and Governmental Institutions




Y2K Readiness Structure
for Korean Nuclear Industry

Strategies of KEPCO/KOPEC

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- ❑ Unified overall plans for all plant sites; Ulchin, YGN, Kori, Wolsong)
 - ❑ Team of Engineers have been set up for each site; Independent problem solving plus interfaces with other sites when necessary

Findings and Status Quo of the Computer Systems

- 
- ❑ LWRs ; High level computers (32bit) are not directly used for protection and control of the plant power
 - ❑ CANDU ; Power Control using a real time computer. No Y2K impact discovered so far.

Findings and Status Quo of the Computer Systems

□ Kori - 1

- Recently went through an overhaul
- S/G replacement
- Portions of I&C monitoring systems replaced with Y2K problems resolved.

Stepwise Planning Strategy



❑ Develop Unified Plan

- Operational Electric Power Generating Reactors
- Research Facility Reactors
- Nuclear Fuel Cycle Facilities
- Include formation of a special Y2K task force with overseeing authority
- Development of general methodology, completion schedule, contingency plans

Stepwise Planning Strategy



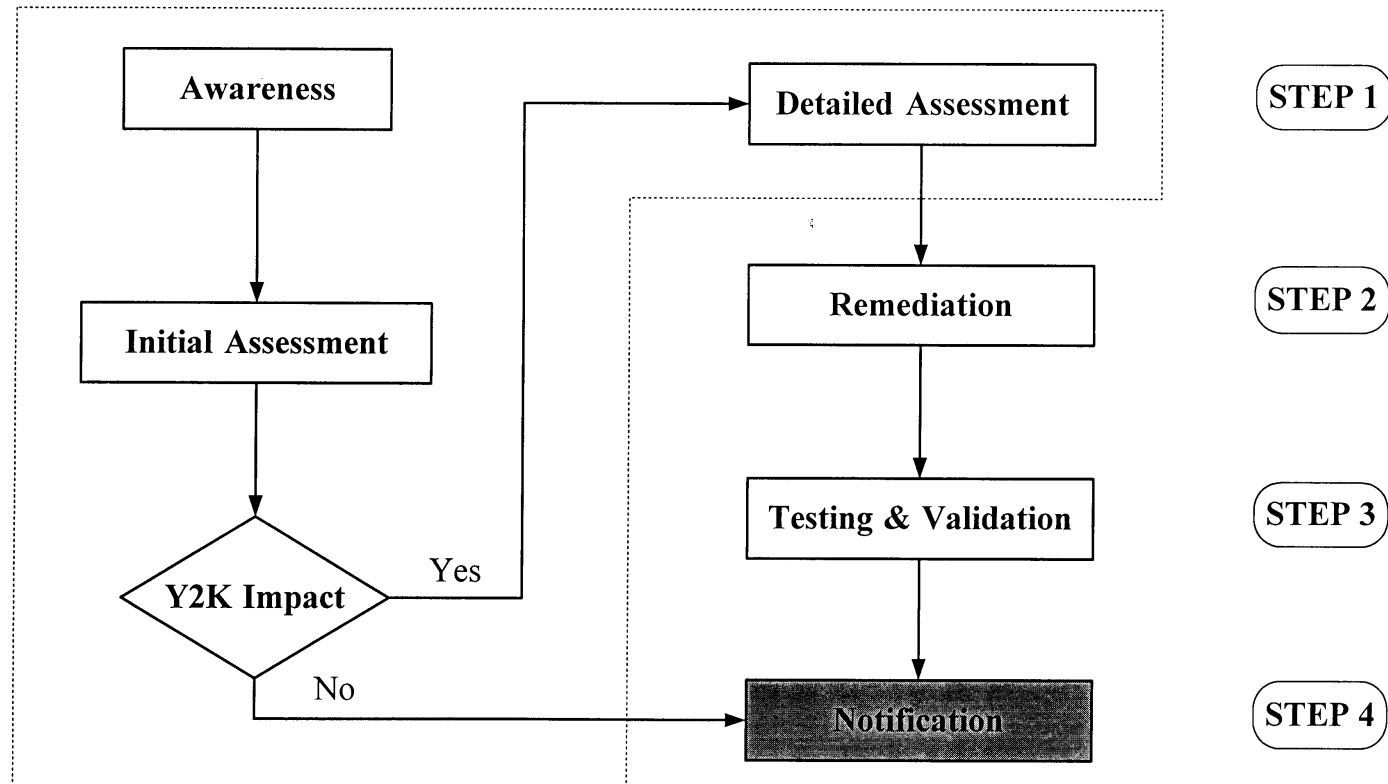
- ❑ Identifying Systems which utilize Digital Computers ; Safety, Control, Monitoring Systems are to be identified
- ❑ Assess Extent of Problems ; Determine whether analysis and/or testing is required

Stepwise Planning Strategy

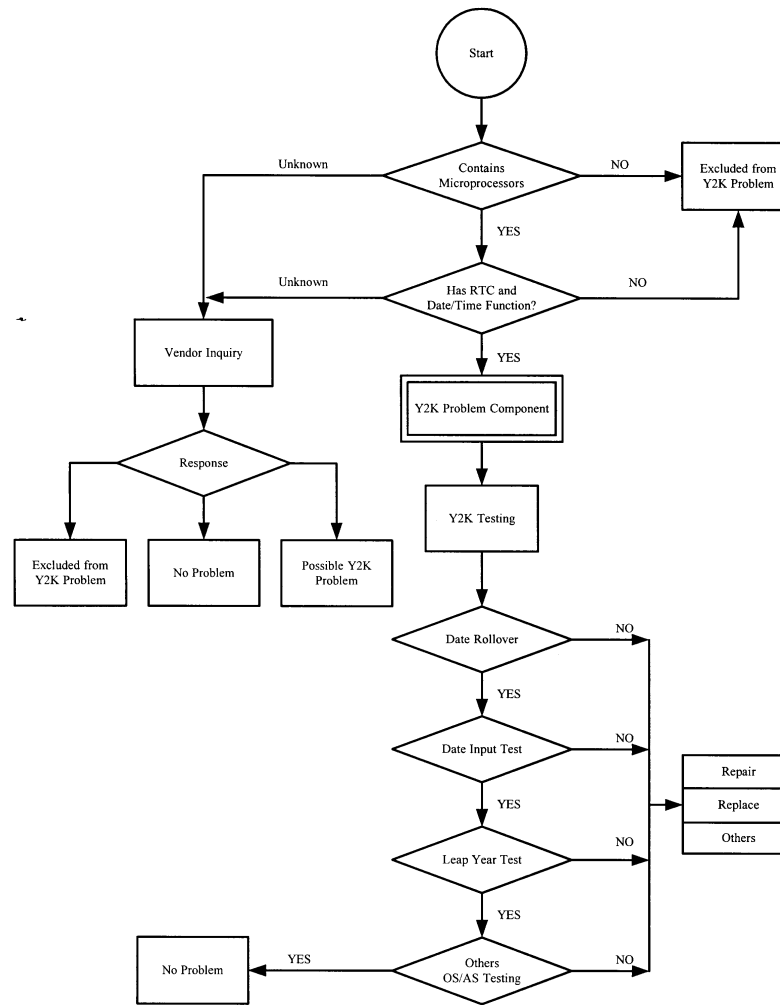


❑ Corrective Action

- Where Remediation is required
- External Vendors or Contractors



Stepwise Planning Strategy



Procedure for Y2K Assessment

A Typical Contingency Plan



- ❑ Plant Computer System
 - Many engineering and general purpose application programs. Real time monitoring of the power plant.
- ❑ Application Program (AP; an alias)
 - One of the most critical engineering application programs

A Typical Contingency Plan



□ Emergency Response Measures

- Run on a Y2K problem free computer
- Set the year back by 28 years
- Program failure ; close observation, manual restart, use procedure manual
- Calculation faults; manual calcs.

A Typical Contingency Plan




□ Emergency Response Measures

(cont.)

- Loss of continuity of trend display; Switch from slave to master. Restart the trend program only

Concl usi on

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- ❑ June 30, 1999 (Original Plan)
 - Major remediation activities deadline
 - Continuity of operation and documentation work through the end of 1999.

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❑ Speedup Plan by Presidential Office

- Issue date : December 10, 1998
- Remediation : Feb. 1999
- Verification and Testing : Apr. 1999
- Implementation : Aug. 1999

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❑ Legal Probl ems

- Area of maj or concern by hi gh level
KEPCO managers

❑ Embedded Chi ps and RTCs

- Del ayed responses from vendors could
mean low reliabiliti es at times